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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/849,398	05/07/2001	Kazutoshi Yasunaga	P19926 1049		
7055	7590 07/11/2005		EXAM	INER	
GREENBLUM & BERNSTEIN, P.L.C. 1950 ROLAND CLARKE PLACE			OPSASNICK, MICHAEL N		
RESTON, V			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
,			2655		
			DATE MAILED: 07/11/200	DATE MAILED: 07/11/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/849,398	YASUNAGA ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
•	Michael N. Opsasnick	2655				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply of the NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period was reply reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim  within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☐ This 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for alloware	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
Disposition of Claims						
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 21-30 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) 21-30 is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	wn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomposition and accomposition are accomposition.  Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11). The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine.	epted or b) objected to by the bedrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). lected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage				
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Do 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:					

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### **DETAILED ACTION**

## **Double Patenting**

1. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

2. Claims 21-30 provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of double patenting over claims 9-15 of copending Application No. 09/843939. This is a provisional double patenting rejection since the conflicting claims have not yet been patented (the claims of 09/843939 have been allowed, however, the patent has not yet been published).

The subject matter claimed in the instant application is fully disclosed in the referenced copending application and would be covered by any patent granted on that copending application since the referenced copending application and the instant application are claiming common subject matter, as follows: the claim elements of non-zero vector elements, storage of fixed waveforms, a convolution calculation to modify the excitation vector using an energy spreading calculation, and inputting the modified excitation vector into the synthesis filter.

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Furthermore, there is no apparent reason why applicant would be prevented from presenting claims corresponding to those of the instant application in the other copending application. See *In re Schneller*, 397 F.2d 350, 158 USPQ 210 (CCPA 1968). See also MPEP § 804.

3. Claims 21-30 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims of U.S. Patent No. 6421639 in view of Hosada et al (5727122).

As per claims 21-30, U.S. Patent No. 6421639 teaches all of the claim elements (as found in claims 2-6, 9, of 6421639) except for the claim element of using the modified excitation vector into the synthesis filter, however, <u>Hosada et al (5727122)</u> teaches the concept of modifying the excitation vector for eventual use into the synthesis filter (<u>Hosada et al (5727122)</u>, col. 6 lines 19-25, e<sub>scl</sub> being the modified excitation vector of e<sub>sl</sub>, Fig. 1, from subblock 114 to 115 to 105.) Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art of speech signal processing at the time the invention was made to modify the invention as claimed in '639 with a modified excitation vector because it would advantageously incorporate the transfer function of the conversion circuit itself (<u>Hosada et al (5727122)</u>, col. 6 lines 24-25).

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# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 5. Claims 21-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by <u>Hosoda et al</u> (5727122).

As per claims 21,28, <u>Hosoda et al (5727122)</u> teaches a modified excitation vector generator used in a CELP speech encoder/decoder, coupled to an algebraic codebook and synthesis filter (as CELP system, abstract, fig. 1) comprising:

"a vector providing system configured to provide an input excitation vector from said algebraic codebook" as the excitation codebook (fig. 1, subblock 108, and Fig. 2, subblock 205);

"a waveform providing system configure to provide a fixed waveform from memory" as the codebooks storing the waveform (col. 7 lines 40-45);

"a convolution system configured to convolute said fixed waveform with said input excitation vector to generate a modified excitation vector" as convolutional processing (col. 6 lines 19-21);

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"wherein said modified excitation vector is provided as an input to the synthesis filter" as modified escl enters the synthesis filter (col. 6 lines 19-25, e<sub>scl</sub> being the modified excitation vector of e<sub>sl</sub>; Fig. 1, from subblock 114 to 115 to 105).

As per claims 22,27,30, <u>Hosoda et al (5727122)</u> teaches spreading the input excitation vector over a new vector basis (as dictated by the h impulse response over a subframe (col. 6 liens 30-35).

As per claim 23, <u>Hosoda et al (5727122)</u> teaches linear convolution (col. 6 lines 19-21, referring to equation (5)).

As per claims 24-26,29, <u>Hosoda et al (5727122)</u> teaches a plurality of non-zero, fixed waveforms for the subframe (col. 6 lines 19-25, the codebooks referring back to the indexed coefficients (col. 6 lines 10-20).

## Response to Arguments

6. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 21-30 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection. Examiner notes that in the interview on March 21, 2005, double patenting was discussed with respect to 09/843939. Examiner agrees with the assessment provided by applicant's representative with respect to the discussion of double patenting, however, at the time, the examiner did not have time to pursue a detailed review of claims 9-17

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of the 09/843939 application, this detailed review has been conducted, and hence the double patenting rejection given above with respect to the 09/843939 application.

#### Conclusion

7. Any response to this action should be mailed to:

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Washington, D.C. 20231

or faxed to:

(703) 872 9314,

(for informal or draft communications, please label "PROPOSED" or "DRAFT")

Hand-delivered responses should be brought to Crystal Park II, 2121 Crystal Drive, Arlington. VA., Sixth Floor (Receptionist).

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael Opsasnick, telephone number (571)272-7623, who is available Tuesday-Thursday, 9am-4pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mr. Wayne Young, can be reached at (571)272-7582. The facsimile phone number for this group is (571)272-7629.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Group 2600 receptionist whose telephone number is (571) 272-2600, the 2600 Customer Service telephone number is (571)272-2600.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for

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published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

mno 7/6/05

Michael N. Opsasnick

Examiner Art Unit 2655